

Claims:

1. An electrode material for lithium ion batteries,
characterized in that the electrode material
5 comprises
 - 5-85% by weight of nanoscale silicon particles
which have a BET surface area of from 5 to
700 m²/g and a mean primary particle diameter
of from 5 to 200 nm,
 - 10 - 0-10% by weight of conductive carbon black,
 - 5-80% by weight of graphite having a mean
particle diameter of from 1 μ m to 100 μ m and
 - 5-25% by weight of a binder,
the proportions of the components summing to not
15 more than 100% by weight.
2. An electrode material according to claim 1,
characterized in that the electrode material
comprises
 - 20 - 65-86.5% by weight of nanoscale silicon
particles,
 - 0.5-5% by weight of conductive carbon black,
 - 8-20% by weight of graphite having a mean
particle diameter of from 2 μ m to 50 μ m and
 - 25 - 5-10% by weight of a binder.
3. An electrode material according to claim 1,
characterized in that the electrode material
comprises
 - 30 - 5-40% by weight of nanoscale silicon particles,
 - 55-85% by weight of graphite having a mean
particle diameter of from 2 μ m to 50 μ m and
 - 5-10% by weight of a binder.
- 35 4. An electrode material according to at least one of
claims 1 to 3, characterized in that the nanoscale
silicon particles are doped.

5. An electrode material according to claim 4, characterized in that the nanoscale silicon particles comprise not more than 53% by weight of lithium as a doping component.
- 5 6. An electrode material according to at least one of claims 1 to 5, characterized in that the nanoscale silicon particles have a BET surface area of from 6 to 140 m²/g.
- 10 7. The use of an electrode material according to at least one of claims 1 to 6 for the production of lithium ion batteries.
- 15 8. The use according to claim 7, characterized in that an electrolyte composition which comprises from 0.5 to 10% by weight of vinylene carbonate is used as the electrolyte.
- 20 9. The use according to claim 7 or 8, characterized in that an electrolyte composition comprising at least one organic solvent and at least one alkali metal salt or alkaline earth metal salt is used as the electrolyte.
- 25 10. The use according to claim 9, characterized in that an electrolyte composition which comprises an organic solvent selected from ethylene carbonate, dimethyl carbonate, ethyl methyl carbonate, 30 diethyl carbonate, propylene carbonate, butylene carbonate, methyl propyl carbonate, butyl methyl carbonate and its isomers, 1,2-dimethoxyethane, tetrahydrofuran, 2-methyltetrahydrofuran, diethylene glycol dialkyl ester, dioxolane, 35 propylene oxide, dimethyl sulfoxide, dimethylformamide, formamide, nitromethane, gamma-butyrolactone, alkyl esters of carboxylic acids and/or methyl lactate is used as the electrolyte.

11. The use according to claim 9 or 10, characterized
in that an electrolyte composition which comprises
a conductive salt selected from LiPF_6 , LiClO_4 ,
5 LiAsF_6 , LiBF_4 , LiCF_3SO_3 , $\text{LiN}(\text{CF}_3\text{SO}_2)_2$,
 $\text{LiN}(\text{SO}_2\text{CF}_2\text{CF}_3)_2$, LiSbF_6 , LiAlCl_4 , LiGaCl_4 , LiCl ,
 LiNO_3 , LiSCN , $\text{LiO}_3\text{SCF}_2\text{CF}_3$, $\text{LiC}_6\text{F}_5\text{SO}_3$, LiO_2CCF_3 ,
 LiFSO_3 , $\text{LiB}(\text{C}_6\text{H}_5)_4$, $\text{LiB}(\text{C}_2\text{O}_4)_2$, and/or lithium
fluoroalkylphosphates is used as the electrolyte.
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12. The use according to at least one of claims 7 to
11, characterized in that an electrolyte
composition in which the concentration of the
conductive salt is from 0.5 mol/l to the
15 solubility limit of the corresponding salt is used
as the electrolyte.
13. A lithium ion battery having a negative electrode
which comprises an electrode material according to
20 at least one of claims 1 to 6.